## Assignment #1 Date Due: October 14, 2024 Total: 100 marks

We have the following languages:

 $L_{1} = \{\text{the set of all strings over the alphabet } \{0, 1, 2\} \text{ that begin with 1010}\}, \\ L_{2} = \{\text{the set of all strings over the alphabet } \{0, 1, 2\} \text{ that end with 01011}\}, \\ L_{3} = \{\text{the set of all strings over the alphabet } \{0, 1, 2\} \text{ with 010 being a subword}\}, \\ L_{4} = \{\text{the set of all strings over the alphabet } \{0, 1, 2\} \text{ with an odd number of 0's}\}, \\ L_{5} = \{\text{the set of all strings over the alphabet } \{0, 1, 2\} \text{ with an even number of 2's}\}, \\ L_{6} = \{\text{the set of all strings over the alphabet } \{0, 1, 2\} \text{ with an even number of 2's}\}, \\ L_{7} = \{\text{the set of all strings over the alphabet } \{0, 1, 2\} \text{ beginning with 12022}\}, \\ L_{8} = \{\text{the set of all strings over the alphabet } \{0, 1, 2\} \text{ beginning in 12022}\}, \\ L_{9} = \{\text{the set of all strings over the alphabet } \{0, 1, 2\} \text{ with the number of 1's multiple of 6}\}, \\ L_{10} = \{\text{the set of all strings over the alphabet } \{0, 1, 2\} \text{ with the number of 1's multiple of 5}\}, \\ L_{11} = \{\text{the set of all strings over the alphabet } \{a, b\} \text{ with the number of 6}\}, \\ L_{12} = \{\text{the set of all strings over the alphabet } \{a, b\} \text{ with the number of 6}\}, \\ L_{12} = \{\text{the set of all strings over the alphabet } \{a, b\} \text{ with the number of 6}\}, \\ L_{12} = \{\text{the set of all strings over the alphabet } \{a, b\} \text{ with the number of 6}\}, \\ L_{13} = \{\text{the set of all strings over the alphabet } \{a, b\} \text{ with the number of 6}\}, \\ L_{14} = \{\text{the set of all strings over the alphabet } \{a, b\} \text{ with the number of 6}\}, \\ L_{14} = \{\text{the set of all strings over the alphabet } \{a, b\} \text{ with the number of 6}\}, \\ L_{14} = \{\text{the set of all strings over the alphabet } \{a, b\} \text{ with the number of 6}\}, \\ L_{14} = \{\text{the set of all strings over the alphabet } \{a, b\} \text{ with the number of 6}\}, \\ L_{15} = \{\text{the set of all strings over the alphabet } \{a, b\} \text{ with the number of 6}\}, \\ L_{15} = \{\text{the set of all strings over the alphabet } \{a, b\} \text{ with the number of 6}\}, \\ L_{15} = \{\text{the set of all strings over the alphabet } \{a, b\}$ 

 $L_{13} = \{\text{the set of all strings over the alphabet}\{0, 1, 2\} \text{ consisting only of alternating groups of 10 and 01} (10 and 01 alternates at least once)}\},$ 

and the following homomorphisms

 $\label{eq:abs} \begin{array}{l} h: \{a,b\} \longrightarrow \{0,1,2\}^*, \ h(a) = 01, \ h(b) = 21; \ \text{and} \ g: \{0,1,2\} \longrightarrow \{a,b\}^*, \ g(0) = a, \ g(1) = ba, \ g(2) = \varepsilon. \end{array}$ 

1. (maximum 25 marks) Compute the languages (5 marks each)

- (a)  $L_{20} = L_1 \cap L_2$ .
- (b)  $L_{21} = 01011\Sigma^* \cap \Sigma^* 1010$
- (c)  $L_{22} = L_{13}$
- (d)  $L_{23} = L_6$
- (e)  $L_{24} = L_7 \cap L_8$
- (f)  $L_{25} = L_{11} \setminus L_{12}$
- (g)  $L_{26} = h^{-1}(L_4)$
- (h)  $L_{27} = h^{-1}(L_1^R) \cap h^{-1}(L_5)$
- (i)  $L_{28} = g(L_1^R)$
- 2. (maximum 55 marks, 10 marks each) For each of the following languages give a DFA accepting it over the alphabet  $\{0, 1, 2\}$  or  $\{a, b, c\}$ , depending on the alphabet of the language.

- (a)  $L_{20}$
- (b)  $L_{21}$
- (c)  $L_{22}$
- (d)  $L_{23}$
- (e)  $L_{24}$
- (f)  $L_{25}$
- (g)  $L_{26}$
- (h)  $L_{28}$
- 3. (20 marks) Give DFA's accepting the following languages over the alphabet  $\Sigma = \{0, 1, 2, 4, 6\}$ :
  - (a) the set of all strings beginning with a 1, 2 or 4, that, when the string is interpreted as an integer in base 7, is a multiple of 4 plus 1. For example:
    - strings 1,41,210,221,2061,2010, 2612, 202012,102642, and 440614 are in the language;
    - the strings 2, 4, 01, 21, 212, 610, 0221, 4062, 4021, 6014, and 035 are not.
  - (b) The set of all strings that ends with an 1, 2, or 4 and when the string is interpreted *in reverse* as an integer in base 7, is a multiple of 4 plus 1.
    - Examples of strings in the language are 1,14,012,122,1602,0102,2162, 210202, 246201, and 416044.
    - Examples of strings that are not in the language are: 2, 4, 10, 12, 212, 016, 1220, 2604, 1204, 4106, and 530.
- 4. (10 marks) Consider the DFA with the following transition table:

	0	1
$\rightarrow 0$	1	0
1	2	1
* 2	3	2
3	1	3

Informally describe, as simple as possible, the language accepted by this DFA, and prove that your description is correct. You may use a proof based on induction on the length of an input string.

The maximum is bounded to 115 marks.

**Very Important:** Verify your solutions using Grail (5 marks for each of exercises 2,3, and 4); describe *how do you think* for each of the above exercises. Just giving the final solution without any explanation may result in a mark of 0 at the discretion of your instructor.

If you decide for a late submission, please, contact me, before the due date, because I will give the solutions to *all* exercises in class.